

ANON

a flexible tool for achieving optimal
k-anonymous and l-diverse tables

Margareta Ciglic, Johann Eder, Christian Koncilia
Institut für Informatik-Systeme
Alpen-Adria-Universität Klagenfurt

Problem and Goal Definition

- Problem: removing identifiers (ID, name, etc.) does not lead to individuals' anonymity
 - Linking attack
 - Tracker
- Goal
 - Guarantee the required privacy
 - Maximize data utility (data quality)
 - Handle missing values

k-Anonymity and l-Diversity

Name	Zip	Age	Sex	Condition
Alice	13053	28	F	Hepatitis
Bob	13068	29	M	Hepatitis
Charlie	13068	25	M	Flu
Dolly	14850	43	F	Flu
Emma	14853	50	F	Cancer
Frank	14853	48	M	Hepatitis
George	14850	79	M	Flu
Harry	27627	26	M	Flu



	Zip	Age	Sex	Condition
A	130**	21-30	*	Hepatitis
B	130**	21-30	*	Hepatitis
C	130**	21-30	*	Flu
D	148**	41-50	*	Flu
E	148**	41-50	*	Cancer
F	148**	41-50	*	Hepatitis
G				
H				

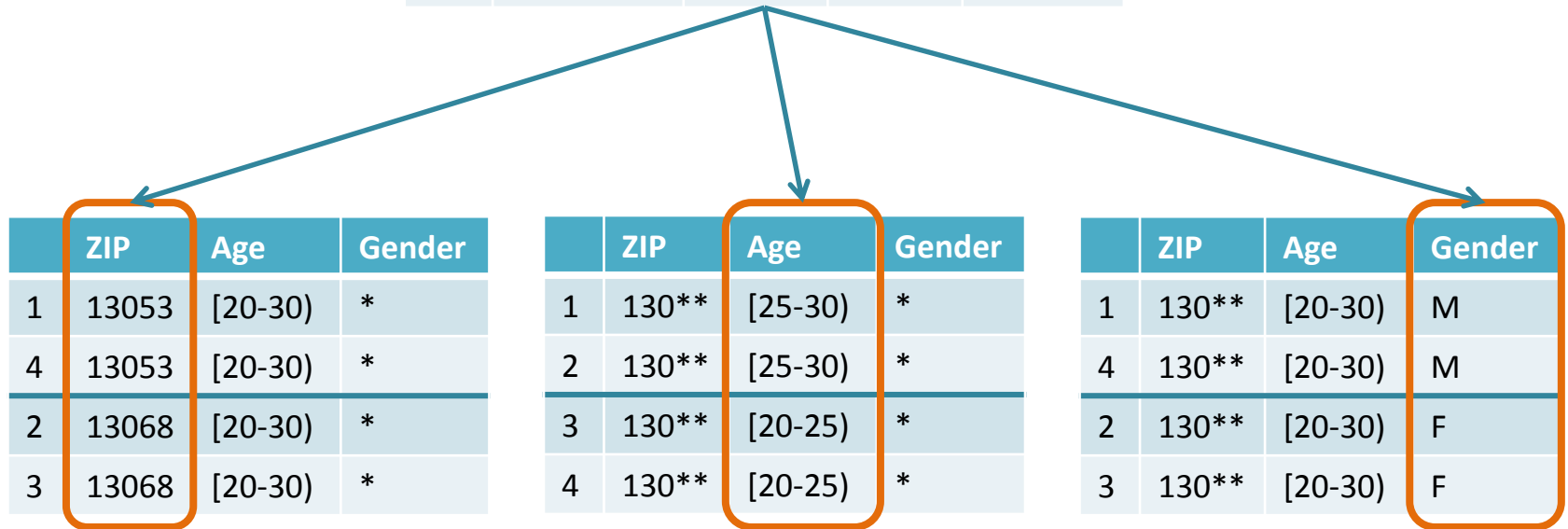
GENERALIZATION

SUPPRESSION

Initial microdata and 3-anonymous, 2-diverse table
with 2 blocks (equivalence classes, partitions)

(Some) Transformation Possibilities

	Name	ZIP	Age	Gender
1	Alice	13053	28	F
2	Bob	13068	29	M
3	Carl	13068	21	M
4	Daisy	13053	23	F



Utility Maximization

Utility maximization is reached with the calculation of the weighted information loss.

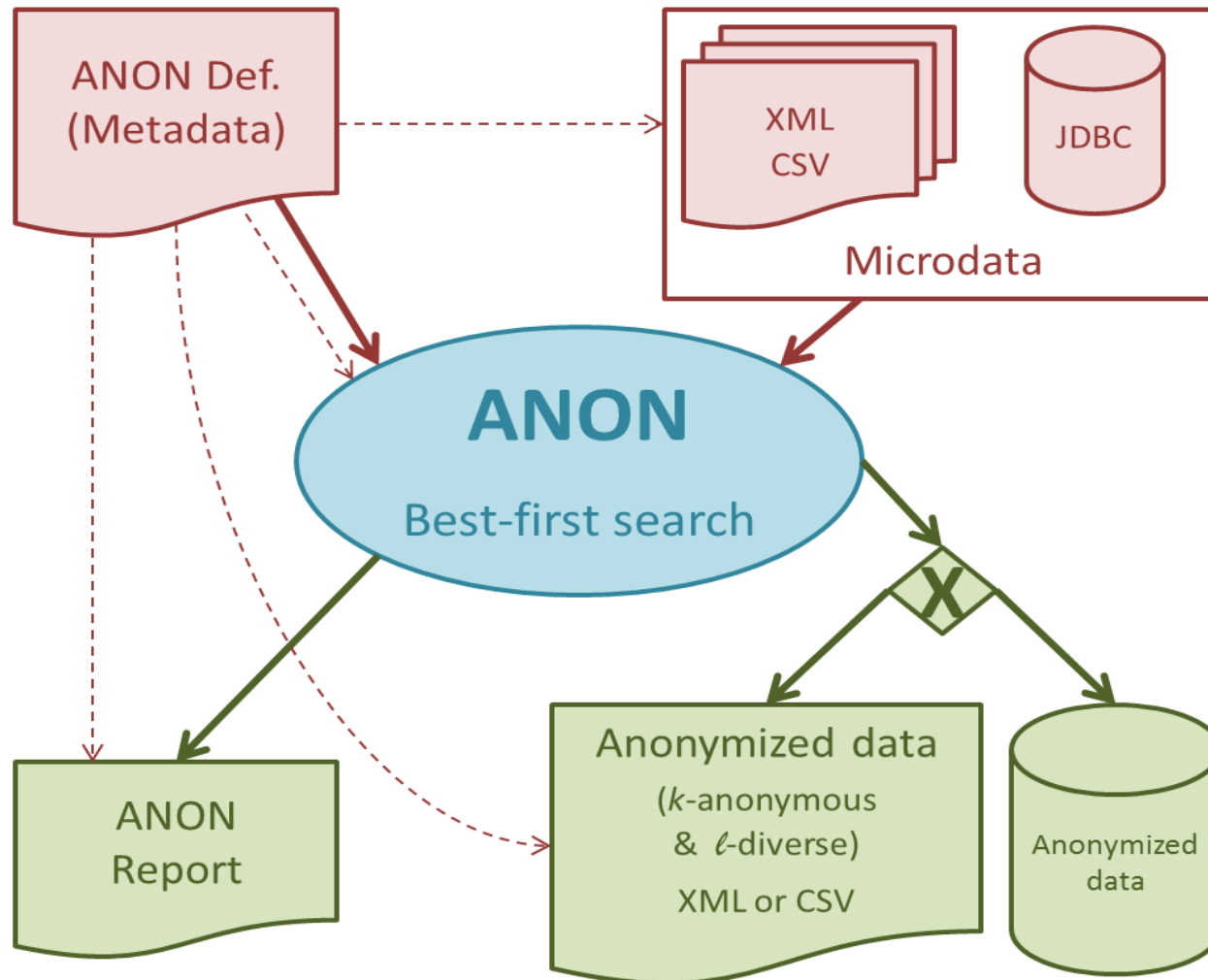
Weighted Information Loss:

$$\sum_{i=1}^n P_{\alpha_i} * V_{\alpha_i}^L$$

P_{α_i} Priority of the attribute α_i

$V_{\alpha_i}^L$ user-defined information loss of the attribute α_i
if its values get transformed to the level L

ANON - Principle and Implementation



ANON – Anonymization Parameters

- kValue
- Threshold
- SearchType
- WorkReport
- MissingValues

```
<Parameters>
  <kValue>5</kValue>
  <Threshold>0.1</Threshold>
  <SearchType>best first</SearchType>
  <WorkReport generateReport="true">
    <writeToURI>../Output/report.xml</writeToURI>
  </WorkReport>
  <MissingValues handleMissingValues="false">
    <MissingValueString>NULL</MissingValueString>
  </MissingValues>
</Parameters>
```

ANON – Input/Output Parameters

- Input (microdata)

CSV, XML and/or JDBC

```
<DatasourceDefinition>|
  <source>
    <JDBCSource>
      <ConnectionString>jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/anon</ConnectionString>
      <User>root</User>
      <Password></Password>
      <TableName>synth10000</TableName>
    </JDBCSource>
  </source>
</DatasourceDefinition>
```

- Output (anonymized data)

CSV, XML or JDBC

```
<OutputDefinition>
  <OutputTo>
    <XMLFile>
      <URI>../Output/synth10000anon.xml</URI>
    </XMLFile>
  </OutputTo>
</OutputDefinition>
```


ANON - Attributes

- anonymizationType
- HierarchyID
- SQLName
- Limit
- Priority
- Ldiversity
 - IValue

```
<AttributesDefinition>
  <Attribute type="int" ID="ZIP"
    anonymizationType="k-attribute"
    useGeneralizationHierarchyWithID="GH_ZIP">
    <Label>ZIP</Label>
    <SQLName>zip</SQLName>
    <Limit>4</Limit>
    <Priority>0.1</Priority>
  </Attribute>
  <Attribute type="string" ID="Topology"
    anonymizationType="l-attribute"
    useGeneralizationHierarchyWithID="GH_Topology">
    <Label>Topology</Label>
    <SQLName>topology</SQLName>
    <LDiversity>
      <DistinctLD>
        <IValue>4</IValue>
      </DistinctLD>
    </LDiversity>
  </Attribute>
</AttributesDefinition>
```

Anonymization Types (Example)

Attribute Name	Anonymization Type	
Patient No.	ignore	Unique identifiers
Name	ignore	
Address	ignore	
ZIP	k-attribute	Quasi-identifiers
Age	k-attribute	
Sex	k-attribute	
Education	k-attribute	
Pseudonym	dontcare	No identifier; not sensitive
Topology	l-attribute	Sensitive attributes
Staging	l-attribute	
Grading	l-attribute	
R	l-attribute	
V	l-attribute	

ANON – Generalisation Hierarchies

- NumericalHierarchy
 - Levels
 - levelNumber
 - informationLoss
 - Intervals (stepSize)
- CategoricalHierarchy
 - Levels
 - levelNumber
 - informationLoss
 - GHTree

```
<NumericalHierarchy id="GH_Age">
  <simpleNumericalHierarchy>
    <GHInfo>
      <Description>Age</Description>
      <Levels>
        <Level informationLoss="0.05"
          stepSize="5" levelNumber="1"/>
        <Level informationLoss="0.1"
          stepSize="10" levelNumber="2"/>
        <Level informationLoss="0.2"
          stepSize="20" levelNumber="3"/>
        <Level informationLoss="0.4"
          stepSize="40" levelNumber="4"/>
        <Level informationLoss="1.0"
          stepSize="100" levelNumber="5"/>
      </Levels>
      <startValue>0</startValue>
      <maxValue>100</maxValue>
    </GHInfo>
  </simpleNumericalHierarchy>
</NumericalHierarchy>
```

<GHTree>

```
<rootMember Description="ALL" Name="ALL">
  <member Description="" Name="null____">
  <member Description="Bestimmte infektiöse und parasitäre Krankheiten" Name="A00-B99">
    <member Description="Infektiöse Darmkrankheiten" Name="A00-A09">
      <member Description="Cholera" Name="A00__">
        <member Description="Cholera" Name="A00_ ">
          <member Description="Cholera" Name="A00">
            <member Description="Cholera durch Vibrio cholerae O:1, Biovar cholerae" Name="A00.0"/>
            <member Description="Cholera durch Vibrio cholerae O:1, Biovar eltor" Name="A00.1"/>
            <member Description="Cholera, nicht näher bezeichnet" Name="A00.9"/>
          </member>
        </member>
      </member>
    <member Description="Typhus abdominalis und Paratyphus" Name="A01__">
      <member Description="Typhus abdominalis und Paratyphus" Name="A01_ ">
        <member Description="Typhus abdominalis und Paratyphus" Name="A01">
          <member Description="Typhus abdominalis" Name="A01.0"/>
          <member Description="Paratyphus A" Name="A01.1"/>
          <member Description="Paratyphus B" Name="A01.2"/>
          <member Description="Paratyphus C" Name="A01.3"/>
          <member Description="Paratyphus, nicht näher bezeichnet" Name="A01.4"/>
        </member>
      </member>
    </member>
  </member>

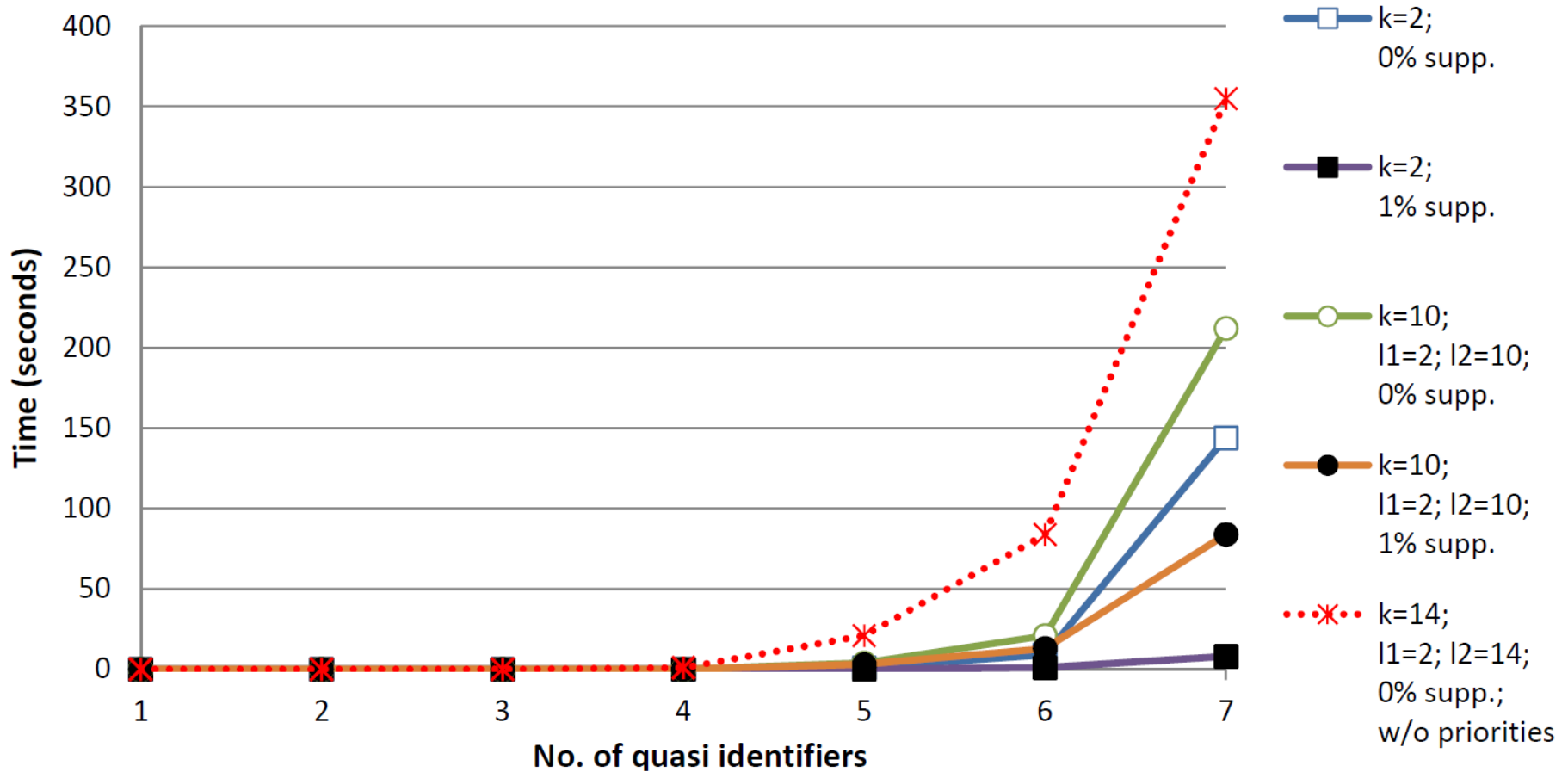
```

ANON - Report

- ANONExceptions
- Status
- kParameter
- lParameter
- resultLevels
- numRemovedTuples
- resultLocation

```
<ANONReport xmlns="report">
  <ANONExceptions>
    <ANONException>
      <code>4102</code>
      <description>IValue is higher than the k-parameter or lower than 1.
      This is not allowed. The default value is k/2.</description>
      <details>Check attribute with the ID Occupation</details>
      <timestamp>08.03.2013 at 17:53:33</timestamp>
    </ANONException>
  </ANONExceptions>
  <resultInformation>
    <status>solution found</status>
    <searchStrategy>best first</searchStrategy>
    <kParameter>5</kParameter>
    <lParameters>salary_class: 2; occupation: 2;</lParameters>
    <resultLevels>age: 1; marital_status: 0; race: 0; sex: 0;</resultLevels>
    <anonymizationDuration>0 seconds</anonymizationDuration>
    <numVisitedNodes>2</numVisitedNodes>
    <numSourceTuples>135666</numSourceTuples>
    <numRemovedTuples>5304</numRemovedTuples>
    <numGroups>278</numGroups>
    <resultLocation>file://C:/Users/user/anondata.csv</resultLocation>
  </resultInformation>
</ANONReport>
```

ANON - Performance



Adult Data Set, UCI, 45.222 records

Conclusions

- Privacy is the major concern in microdata publishing
- BUT: data quality must be considered, too!

	PRIVACY	vs.	DATA QUALITY
Stakeholder	Individuals (Patients)		(Medical) researcher
Algorithm	Privacy test (goal test) of the search algorithm		Anonymization algorithm (Best-first search)
Method	k-anonymity (size of a group) quasi identifiers l-diversity (diversity of a group) sensitive Attributes		Utility function (weighted information loss) Missing value handling

References

1. Margareta Ciglic, Johann Eder, Christian Koncilia: ANON - a flexible tool for achieving optimal k-anonymous and l-diverse tables. Technical report, 2014. <http://isys.uni-klu.ac.at/PDF/2014-ANON-Techreport.pdf>
2. Margareta Ciglic, Johann Eder, and Christian Koncilia: k-anonymity of microdata with null values. In Proc. of the 25th International Conference on Database and Expert Systems Applications - DEXA 2014, 2014.
3. Margareta Ciglic, Johann Eder, and Christian Koncilia: ANON User Manual, 2013
4. Latanya Sweeney: k-anonymity: a model for protecting privacy. Int. J. Uncertain. Fuzziness Knowl.-Based Syst. 10, 5 (October 2002), 557-570.